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Russian Federation

Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards -Certification

FAIRS Export Certificate Report

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Report Highlights:

This report highlights the vast certification requirements to export agricultural commodities to Russia. With the adoption of the Customs Union between Russia, Belarus, and Kazakhstan, the certification will drastically change in 2012 to conform to the New Custom Union Requirements.

Introduction

On November 27, 2009, the Presidents of Russia, Belarus, and Kazakhstan signed the documents, creating the Russia-Belarus-Kazakhstan Customs Union. On January 1, 2010 tariffs were harmonized, the majority at the Russian rates. Only on July 1, 2010, did a common Customs Code come into effect and internal customs barriers between Russia, Belarus and Kazakhstan were eliminated. The next milestone will be January 1, 2011 when sanitary and phytosanitary regulations will be harmonized. However, bilateral certificates initialed before July 1, 2010, will remain in effect until January 1, 2012, when the Custom Union certificates are expected to be fully in force.

Exporters of agricultural goods face systemic concerns related to the certification of agricultural products and the situation is even more uncertain under the Customs Union. Russian authorities require phytosanitary and/or veterinary certificates for nearly all agricultural and processed food products. Russia does not accept generic veterinary certificates issued by the U.S. competent authorities, which certify products in compliance with U.S. standards. Rather, Russia requires veterinary certificates to detail several specific attestations in addition to including a catch-all "meets Custom Union requirements" (previously "meets Russian requirements"), which is generally a challenge for most commodities. New Custom Union requirements can be found at: <u>www.tsouz.ru</u>.

Section I. List of All Export Certificates Required By Government

In Russia, the majority of sanitary and phytosanitary requirements are enforced by the Russian Federal Veterinary and Phytosanitary Surveillance Service (VPSS, known in Russian as Rosselkhoznadzor). In order to export to Russia, considerable documentation is required from both governments and must be provided in Russian. Cargo is routinely detained for certification errors. Exporters who have the most success in Russia work with experienced brokers or importers. While this report does not provide detailed information on export health certificates issued by U.S. Government agencies, up-to-date information is available from the relevant agencies on their websites:

• USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), for live animals, animal genetics (semen, embryos, hatching eggs), and products of plant and animal origin subject to certification under terms of the International Plant Protection Convention. For further information on APHIS export certificates please visit the following pages on the APHIS website:

Live Animals, Animal Genetics, and Products of Animal Origin (including dairy): http://www.aphis.usda.gov/regulations/vs/iregs/animals/animal_russian_federation.shtml

Products of Plant Origin: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/import_export/plants/plant_exports/export_certificates_forms.shtml

• USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS), for red meats, poultry meat, byproducts thereof, eggs, and egg products. For further information on FSIS export certificates, please visit the FSIS Export Library: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/Regulations_& Policies/Russia_Requirements/index.asp

- U.S. Department of Commerce, National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), for fish and seafood. For further information please visit the NOAA website at: http://www.seafood.nmfs.noaa.gov/
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA) certificates of free sale, for products regulated by that agency. For further information on certificates of free sale, please visit the FDA website: http://www.fda.gov/RegulatoryInformation/Guidances/ucm125789.htm#iv

Information can also be found on the VPSS website: http://www.fsvps.ru/fsvps/

Veterinary Certificate

In order to export products subject to veterinary inspection (listed in Appendix 1) the exporter must secure a veterinary certificate. The following veterinary certificates are mutually approved for export from the United States to Russia and may also be found at: http://www.fsvps.ru/fsvps/importExport/usa/sertificates.html.

Meat and raw by-products:

- Veterinary certificate for export of poultry meat to the Russian Federation (approved on March 10, 2006)

- Veterinary certificate for frozen pork meat and pork by-products exported from the U.S. to the Russian Federation (*updated on February 27, 2010*)

- Veterinary certificate for beef and beef by-products exported from the U.S. to the Russian Federation (*approved on November 2, 2006*)

- Veterinary certificate for horse meat exported into the Russian Federation (approved on April 20, 1999)

- Veterinary certificate for pork intestine raw material, exported into the Russia Federation (*approved on June 23, 1995*)

Live animals:

- Veterinary certificate for breeding cattle exported from United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on March 31, 2008*)

- Veterinary certificate for breeding sheep and goats exported from United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on December 8, 2009*)

- Veterinary certificate for breeding pigs exported from the United States to the Russian Federation (approved on March 31, 2008)

- Veterinary certificate for slaughter pigs exported from the United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on March 31, 2008*)

- Veterinary certificate for fattening pigs exported from the United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on March 31, 2008*)

- Veterinary certificate for breeding, usage and sport horses exported from United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on March 31, 2008*)

- Veterinary certificate for temporary admission of horses from the United States to the Russian Federation for participation in international competitions for a period less than 90 days (*approved on March 31, 2008*)

- Veterinary certificate for mink exported from United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on March 16, 2007*)

Genetics product:

- Veterinary certificate for bovine semen exported to the Russian Federation

(approved on March 3, 2006)

- Veterinary certificate for bovine embryos from United States to the Russian Federation (approved on March 31, 2008)

Non-eatable products derived from animals:

- Veterinary certificate for hides, horn and hoof, furs, sheep pelt, lambskin, wool and goat fluff, bristle, horse hair, down and feather of chicken, duck, goose and other poultry, and technical gelatin exported from United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on June 30, 2009*)

- Veterinary certificate for fresh-dry raw material for fur production exported from the United States to Russia (approved on October 24, 2005)

- Veterinary certificate for non-edible (technical) animal protein-free rendered fats exported to the Russian Federation (*approved on November 23, 2004*)

Feeds and related products:

- Veterinary certificate for import of fodder and fodder supplements of animal origin (*approved on July 15, 2004*)

- Veterinary certificate for dog and cat feeds exported from United States to the Russian Federation (updated on June 2, 2010)

- Veterinary certificate for feed and feed additives for non-productive animals, not containing components of animal origin exported from United States to the Russian Federation *(approved on June 30, 2010)*

- Veterinary certificate for feed for aquarium and decorative fishes exported from the United States to the Russian Federation (*approved on June 30, 2010*)

- Veterinary certificate for livestock raw materials, that are not derived from ruminants, and meant for pet food manufacturing, exported to the Russian Federation (*approved on February 16, 2006*)

While it is not intuitive, Russia also requires veterinary certificates for many grains and feeds. Several countries have negotiated a bilateral veterinary certificate for these products, however, the United States maintains that this certification is unnecessary. As a result, to date we do not have agreed certificates for fodder grains, soybeans, and soybean meal.

Item 3.13 of the "Provision on the Unified Procedure of Veterinary Control at the Customs Border of the Customs Union and in the Customs Territory of the Customs Union" stipulates that the import of (veterinary) pharmaceuticals and feed additives of chemical and microbiological synthesis can be conducted without a veterinary certificate. The imports have to be only accompanied with documents confirming quality and safety of the products within the territory of the Customs Union.

Phytosanitary Certificate

The Russian side requires a phytosanitary certificate from the exporting country for many imported agricultural and food products of plant origin. The list of products that require phytosanitary certificate

is attached (Appendix 2). Since November 18, 2010, the products in the group of low phytosaniary risk do not require export phytosanitary certificate at imports to the Customs Union. Export phytosanitary certificate also are not required when they cross the border between states, members of the Customs Union [Decision of the Commission of the Customs Union #454 of November 18, 2010].

In 2009, the U.S. negotiated a phytosanitary certificate on exports of table potatoes. As for U.S. rice, in addition to the phytosanitary certificate, all rice shipments must be accompanied by a copy of a signed letter from the USDA Grain Inspection and the Packers and Stockyard Administration (GIPSA). In addition they are required to have a report from one of six approved U.S. laboratories indicating that the rice is free of LL Rice at an agreed tolerance level.

"In-lieu-of" Certificate

VPSS maintains an official policy of accepting no "in-lieu-of" certificates. They are certificates issued for a new destination, when a shipment is redirected en route, in-lieu-of the inspection certificate issued for the original destination. Any exporter who obtains an in-lieu-of certificate for purposes of redirecting a cargo from some other destination to Russia does so at her or his own risk.

Other Certificates

Russian authorities also conduct sanitary-epidemiological surveillance of imported products. The sanitary-epidemiological requirements for imported products, including food and agricultural products, have been updated by the Decision of the Commission of the Customs Union #299 of May 28, 2010. The requirements and the updated list of products subject to sanitary-epidemiological surveillance with reference to the Customs codes can be found on the Customs Union site: http://www.tsouz.ru/db/techregulation/sanmeri/Pages/sanepidem.aspx. The sanitary-epidemiological surveillance with reference of imported products is based on the standard set of documents submitted by importer. This includes veterinary and/or phytosanitary export certificate, certificate of origin, and certificate of quality, depending on the type of product.

Certificate of Origin

A certificate of origin and manufacturer's certificate of quality may additionally be required for certain agricultural products, especially those of animal origin. Russian customs officials require the former document as proof of the country of origin to determine import tariffs, eligibility to enter under tariff rate quota (if applicable), and to prevent importation of products from countries under import restrictions not related to sanitary or phytosanitary issues. Certificates of origin are issued by producers or processors, depending on type of good, and are submitted as a support document for the customs declaration. It is usually signed by a plant manager or other responsible person.

Certificate of Quality

The certificate of quality is issued by manufacturers of the product. This manufacturer's certificate of

quality is not a substitute for the applicable U.S. Government-issued health certificate and is not accepted in lieu of such a health certificate. However, before a declaration of conformity can be granted, the importer must first confirm the product is registered with Rospotrebnadzor. Exporters should consult with their importers to determine which certificates are needed for goods they intend to ship.

Section II. Purpose of Specific Export Certificates

All federal sanitary and phytosanitary export health certificates for products exported to the Russian Federation are required by the Federal Service for VPSS. Certification is required to preserve public, animal health (certification of food and feed safety), and the environment (phytosanitary certifications with respect to quarantine pests). VPSS uses the health certificate to determine product origin for purposes related to health, safety, and environmental protection.

Russian Customs officials use certificates of origin as proof of the country of origin to determine import tariffs, eligibility to enter under tariff rate quota (if applicable), and to prevent importation of products from countries under import restrictions not related to sanitary or phytosanitary issues.

The manufacturer's certificate of quality is used to determine whether the product conforms to product specifications of the contract and quality requirements as outlined in the Russian government's state standards for foodstuffs. The manufacturer's certificate of quality is not a substitute for the applicable U.S. Government-issued health certificate and is not accepted in lieu of such a health certificate. It is, rather, a document used to obtain a certificate of conformity after the product arrives in Russia. Exporters should consult with their importers to determine whether such certificates are needed for the goods they intend to ship [1]. All other concerns are addressed by certifications obtained after the product crosses the border.

Some exporters provide quality certifications issued by survey companies, but these are not accepted by Russian authorities in lieu of federal export certificates. They are, rather, intended to assure importers that the product complies with contract specifications.

Section III. Specific Attestations Required on Export Certificate

Certificates of origin are issued by producers or processors, depending on type of good, and are submitted as a support document for the customs declaration. They are usually signed by a plant manager or other responsible person.

Section IV. Government Certificate's Legal Entry Requirements

Export certificates must accompany their cargo. These certificates are valid for a single lot, as defined by Russian authorities: the lot must originate from a single facility during a single shift.

Failure to ensure that a certificate accompanies a shipment regularly causes cargo to be detained. In addition, certificate errors commonly arise from inaccurate information provided to the federal authority issuing the certificate (e.g., wrong container numbers, mistyped establishment numbers). Such errors result at best in significant demurrage costs and can lead to a shipment being turned back.

Suppliers' and manufacturers' export declarations are not accepted as an export health certificate.

Derogations of export certification requirements are not possible.

Section V. Other Certification/Accreditation Requirements

All other certificates required by the Russian government must be provided by the importer based on examination of the cargo after arrival.

Section VI. Approved Exporter

Beginning in late 2008, VPSS began requesting lists of U.S. facilities that are approved to export to Russia. In addition, VPSS demanded guarantees that these facilities are under permanent control of the U.S. veterinary service and that they will fulfill all Russian veterinary-sanitary requirements and norms. VPSS has argued that such lists are required per their national legislation as well as the requirements of the Customs Union and are targeted at ensuring the authenticity of accompanying certification. According to this legislation, VPSS is required to maintain a list of all facilities exporting products under veterinary-sanitary control. In 2010, the USDA provided initial lists for prepared meat, pet food, and fish. Lists also exist for poultry, pork, beef, and feed. The list requests of VPSS remain outstanding for dairy, processed eggs, and hatching eggs/day-old chicks. VPSS is currently restricting all U.S. dairy and processed egg trade until lists are approved.

Section VII. Additional Considerations

Russia continues to fall on the Corruption Perception Index and is now ranked 154 out of 178 countries in 2010. Counterfeiting and alteration of shipping documents, including import permits and export health certificates, constitute a serious problem in Russia. Traders are routinely confronted by both corrupt officials seeking to extort bribes in return for turning a blind eye to non-existent or obviously fake documents, and schemes by dishonest traders to deceive Russian officials with fraudulent documents. American exporters should be aware that under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other applicable U.S. and Russian laws, payment of bribes and engaging in or abetting fraud in the course of a foreign trade transaction is a criminal act.

HS code	Name of goods	Notes
0101	Live horses, asses, mules, and hinnies	
0102	Live bovine animals	
0103	Live swine	
0104	Live sheep and goats	
0105	Live poultry, that is to say, domestic hens (Gallus	
	domesticus), ducks, geese, turkeys, and guinea fowls	
0106	Other live animals [2]	
0201	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled	
0202	Meat of bovine animals, frozen	
0203	Meat of swine, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0204	Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0205 00	Meat of horses, asses, mules or hinnies, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0206	Edible offal of bovine animals, swine, sheep, goats, horses, asses, mules or hinnies, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0207	Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 0105, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0208	Other meat and edible meat offal, fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0209 00	Pig fat free of lean meat and poultry fat, not rendered or otherwise extracted, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted **, in brine **, dried, **or smoked	
0210	Meat and edible meat offal, salted**, in brine**, dried** or smoked**; edible flours and meals of meat or meat offal **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0301	Live fish	
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets, and other fish meat of heading 0304	
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304	
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (whether or not minced), fresh, chilled, or frozen	
0305	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals, and pellets of fish, fit for human consumption **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried**, salted,** or in brine**; crustaceans, in shell, cooked by steaming** or by boiling in water**, whether or not chilled, frozen, dried**, salted,** or in brine**; flours, meals, and pellets of crustaceous, fit for human consumption **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0307	Mollusks, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried**, salted,** or in brine**; aquatic invertebrates other	** - in the part of epizootic welfare

	than crustaceans and mollusks, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried**, salted,** or in brine**; flours, meals, and pellets of aquatic invertebrates fit for human consumption**	
0401	Milk and cream, not concentrated nor containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	
0402	Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kefir, and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavored or containing added fruit, nuts, or cocoa **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0404	Whey, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter; products consisting of natural milk constituents, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, not elsewhere specified or included **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0405	Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk; dairy spreads **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0406	Cheese and curd **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0407 00	Birds' eggs, in shell, fresh, preserved,** or cooked**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0408	Birds' eggs, not in shell, and egg yolks, fresh, dried, cooked by steaming,** or by boiling in water**, formed**, frozen or otherwise preserved**, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
0409 00 000 0	Natural honey	
0410 00 000 0	Edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included	
0502	Pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair; badger hair and other brush making hair; waste of such bristles or hair	
0504 00 000 0	Guts, bladders, and stomachs of animals (other than fish), whole and pieces thereof, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried, or smoked	
0505	Skins and other parts of birds, with their feathers or down, feathers, and parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) and down, not further worked than cleaned, disinfected or treated for preservation; powder and waste of feathers or parts of feathers	
0506	Bones and horn-cores, unprocessed, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut to shape), treated with acid, or de-gelatinized; powder and waste of these products	
0507	Ivory, tortoise-shell, whalebone, and whalebone hair, horns,	

	antlers, hooves, nails, claws, and beaks, unprocessed or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of	
	these products	
0508 00 000 0	Coral and similar materials, unprocessed or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells of mollusks, crustaceans or echinoderms, and cuttlebone, unprocessed or simply prepared but not cut to shape, powder, and waste thereof	Subject to declaration of veterinary use including for animal feeding
0510 00	Ambergris, beaver musk, civet, and musk; cantharides; bile,	
000 0	whether or not dried; glands and other animal products used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products, fresh, chilled, frozen, or otherwise provisionally preserved	
0511	Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter 1 or 3, unfit for human consumption	
0511 99	1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
310 0,		
0511 99 390 0	Natural sponges of animal origin	
0511 99	Horsehair and its waste, whether or not in the form of cloth	
809 2	with or without a padding	
0511,	Trophies of the chase, stuffed animals including those which	
9601,	passed taxidermy treatment or preserved	
9705 00	passed taxidering deathent of preserved	
000 0		
1001 10	Durum wheat	
000 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1001 90	Soft wheat	
990 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1002 00	Rye	
000 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1003 00	Barley	
900 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1004 00	Oats	

000 0		
000 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1005 90	Corn	
000 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1201 00	Soybeans	
900 0		
(only		
feed		
grain)		
1208	Flours and meals of oil seeds or oleaginous fruits, (other than	
1200	those of mustard) used for animal feeding	
1211	uiose of mustaru) used for anniar recuing	Subject to
1211	Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a	Subject to
	kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for	declaration of
	insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried,	veterinary use
	whether or not cut, crushed, or powdered	including for
		animal feeding
1212 99	Other (Beebread, ambrosia)	
700 0		
1213 00	Cereal straw and husks, unprepared, whether or not chopped,	
000 0	ground, pressed, or in the form of pellets	
1214	Swedes, mangold, fodder roots, hay, lucerne (alfalfa), clover,	
	sainfoin, forage kale, lupines, vetches, and similar forage	
	products, whether or not in the form of pellets	
1301 90	Other (Propolis)	
900 0		
1501 00	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of	
	heading 0209 or 1503	
1502 00	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of	
	heading 1503	
1503 00	Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo-oil, and tallow oil, not	
	emulsified or mixed or otherwise prepared	
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals,	
1007	whether or not refined, but not chemically modified	
1505 00	Suint and fatty substances derived from it (including lanolin)	
1506 00	Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not	
	refined, but not chemically modified	
1516 10	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, partly or	
	wholly hydrogenated, inter-esterifies, re-esterifies, or	
	elaidinized, whether or not refined, but not further prepared	
1516 20	Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions	Subject to

		declaration of veterinary use including for animal feeding
1517	Margarine**(other than margarine of animal origin) edible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this chapter, mixtures of animal and vegetable fats, irrespective of percentage of vegetable fats, other than edible fats or oils or their fractions of heading 1516	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1518 00	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown, polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas or otherwise chemically modified, excluding those of heading 1516; inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats and oils or fractions of different fats and oils of this chapter, not elsewhere specified or included	Subject to declaration of veterinary use including for animal feeding
1521 90	Beeswax, other insect waxes and spermaceti, whether or not refined or colored	
1601 00	Sausages and similar products, of meat, meat offal or blood; food preparations based on these products**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1602	Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal, or blood**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1603 00	Extracts and juices of meat, fish or crustaceans, mollusks, or other aquatic invertebrates	
1604	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar substitutes prepared from fish eggs**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1605	Crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1902 20	Pasta, stuffed, whether or not cooked or otherwise prepared, with fish, crustaceans, mollusks or other aquatic invertebrates, sausage, meat, edible meat offal, blood or products of chapter 04, or any other combination of these products**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
1904 20	Cereals (other than maize (corn)), in grain form or in the form of flakes, or other worked grains (except flours), pre-cooked or cooked otherwise, with fish, crustaceans, mollusks, or other aquatic invertebrates, sausage, meat, edible meat offal, blood or products of chapter 04, or any other combination of these products**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
20	Products after processing of vegetables, fruit, nuts, and other edible parts of plant and their mixtures with sausage**, meat**, meat offal**, blood**, fish** and crustaceans**, mollusks** and other aquatic invertebrates** and products of chapter 04** or any other combination of these products**.	** - in the part of epizootic welfare

2102 20	Yeasts inactive; other dead single-cell micro-organisms used for feeding animals	
2104	Soups and broths cooked and preparations therefore (other than vegetable); homogenized composite food preparations with sausage**, meat**, meat offal**, blood**, fish** and crustaceans**, mollusks,** and other aquatic invertebrates** and products of chapter 04** or any other combination of these products**.	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
2105 00	Ice cream other than ice cream manufactured on fruit-berries basis, fruit, and edible ice**	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
2106	Cheese fondues and other composite food preparations with sausage, meat, meat offal, blood, fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic invertebrates or products of chapter 04 or any other combination of these products **	** - in the part of epizootic welfare
2301	Flours, meals, and pellets, of meat or meat offal, of fish or of crustaceans, mollusks or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption; greaves	
2302	Bran, sharps, and other residues, whether or not in the form of pellets derived from the sifting, milling, or other working of cereals or of leguminous plants, used for animal feeding.	
2303	Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet- pulp, bagasse, or sugar cane bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets used for animal feeding	
2304 00 000	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of soya bean oil used for animal feeding	
2306	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils, other than those of heading 2304 or 2305 used for animal feeding	
2308 00	Vegetable materials and vegetable waste, vegetable residues and by-products, whether or not in the form of pellets, of a kind used for animal feeding, not elsewhere specified or included	
2309	Preparations of a kind used for animal feeding	
29 30	Organic chemical compounds (for veterinary use)	
30	Pharmaceutical products (for veterinary use)	
3101 00 000 0	Animal or vegetable fertilizers, whether or not mixed together or chemically treated; fertilizers produced by the mixing or chemical treatment of animal or vegetable products	
3501	Casein, caseinates, and other casein derivatives	

3502	Albumins (proteins) (including concentrates of two or more	
	whey proteins, containing by weight more than 80 % whey	
	proteins, calculated on the dry matter), albuminates and other	
	albumin derivatives	
3503 00	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangular (including square)	
	sheets, whether or not surface- worked or colored) and gelatin	
	derivatives; isinglass; other glues of animal origin, excluding	
	casein glues of heading 3501	
3504 00	Peptones and their derivatives; other protein substances and	
000 0	their derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included; hide	
	powder, whether or not chromed	
3507	Ferments (Enzymes); prepared enzymes not elsewhere	
	specified or included	
	(for veterinary use)	
3808	Insecticides, rodenticides, disinfectants and similar products,	
	put up in forms or packages for retail sale or as preparations	
	or articles (for veterinary use)	
3821 00	Prepared culture media for development of micro-organisms	
000 0	(for veterinary use)	
3822 00	Diagnostic or laboratory reagents on a backing, prepared	
000 0	diagnostic or laboratory reagents whether or not on a backing,	
	other than those of heading 3002 or 3006 (for veterinary use);	
	certified reference materials (for veterinary use)	
4101	Raw hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine	
	animals (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled, or otherwise	
	preserved, but not tanned, parchment-dressed or further	
	prepared), with hair or without hair, doubled, or split	
4102	Raw skins of sheep or lambs (fresh, or salted, dried, limed,	
	pickled, or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment-	
	dressed or further prepared), whether or not with wool on or	
	split, other than those excluded by note 1 (c) to this chapter	
4103	Other raw hides (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled, or	
4105	otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment-dressed or	
	further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split, other than	
	those excluded by note 1(b) or 1(c) to this chapter	
4206 00	Articles of gut (other than silkworm gut), of goldbeater's skin,	
000 0	of bladders, or of tendons	
4301	Raw fur-skins (including heads, tails, paws, and other pieces	
-301	or cuttings, suitable for furriers' use), other than raw hides of	
	heading 4101, 4102 or 4103	
5001 00		
000 0	Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling	
5002 00		
000 0	Raw silk (not thrown)	

5003 00	Silk waste (including cocoons, unsuitable for reeling, yarn
000 0	waste, and garneted stock)
5101	Wool, not carded or combed
5102	Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed
5103	Waste of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair, including yarn
	waste but excluding garneted stock
9508 10	Animals within traveling circuses and traveling menageries
000 0	
9705 00	Collections and collectors' pieces of zoological, anatomical,
000 0	and paleontological interest (other than museum exhibits)
3923,	
3926,	
4415,	
4416 00	
000 0,	
4421,	
7020 00,	
7309 00,	
7310,	
7326,	
7616,	Equipment and fitting for transportation, breeding and
8436 21	temporary storage of all kinds of animals as well as equipment for transportation of used raw materials (products)
000 0,	of animal nature
8436 29	
000 0,	
8436 80	
910 0,	
8436 80	
990 0,	
8606 91	
800 0,	
8609 00,	
8716 39	
800	

* For the purpose of use of this list, it is required to follow both HS code and name of the goods. ** In the part of epizootic welfare

APPENDIX 2:

Agricultural and Food Products and Other Commodities Subjected to Phytosanitary and Quarantine Inspection

Product Description	Tariff Code (TN VED) of the Customs Union *
I. Regulated products (goods, materials, and commodities) of high phytosanit	tary risk
Live ticks, nematodes, and insects for scientific purposes	0106 90 001 0
Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212	0601
Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; mushroom spawn	0602 (except 0602 90 100 0)
Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh	0603 11 000 0 - 0603 19 800 0
Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, dried, except for dyed, bleached, impregnated, or otherwise prepared	0603 90 000 0
Christmas trees	0604 91 200 0
Branches of coniferous trees	0604 91 400 0
Foliage, branches, and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds,	0604 91 900 0

grasses, being goods of a kind suitable for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried,	0604 99 100 0
without further preparation	
Potatoes, fresh or chilled	0701
Tomatoes, fresh or chilled	0702 00.000
Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks, and alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled	0703
Cabbages, cauliflower, kohlrabi, kale, and similar edible brassicas, fresh or	0704
chilled, including borecole	
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.) fresh or chilled	0705
Carrots, turnips, salad beets (salad beetroot), salsify, celeriac, radishes, and	0706
similar edible roots, fresh or chilled	
Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled	0707 00
Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled	0708
Other vegetables, fresh or chilled*	0709
Sweet corn, hybrid, for sowing	0712 90 110 0
Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split	0713
Manioc, maranta, salep, Jerusalem artichoke, , sweet potatoes or yams, and	0714
similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin, fresh, chilled or dried, whole	
or sliced; sago	
Coconuts, brazil nuts, and cashew nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or	0801
peeled	
Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled	0802
Bananas and plantains, fresh or dried	0803 00
Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes, and mangosteens, or	0804
gamboge, fresh or dried	
Citrus fruit, fresh or dried	0805
Grapes, fresh or dried	0806
Melons (including watermelons) and papayas (papaws), fresh	0807
Apples, pears, and quinces, fresh	0808
Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums (including prune	0809
plums), and sloes, fresh	
Other fruit, fresh	0810
Fruit, dried, other than that of headings 0801 to 0806; mixtures of nuts or dried	0813
fruits of this chapter	
Coffee, not roasted, with or without caffeine	0901 11 000,
	0901 12 000
Wheat and meslin	1001
Rye	1002 00 000 0
Barley	1003 00
Oats	1004 00 000 0
Corn	1005
Rice	1006
Grain sorghum	1007 00
Buckwheat, millet, and canary seed; other cereals	1008
Wheat flour or wheat/rye flour	1101 00

Cereal flours other than of wheat or wheat/rye	1102
Cereal groats, meal, and pellets (course grinding)	1103
Cereal grains otherwise worked (for example, hulled, rolled, flaked, pearled,	1104
sliced or kibbled), except rice of heading 1006; germ of cereals, whole, rolled,	
flaked, or ground	
Flour, meal, and powder of the dried leguminous vegetables of heading 0713	1106 10 000 0
Malt, whether or not roasted	1107
Soybeans, whether or not broken	1201 00
Peanuts (ground-nuts), not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled	1202
or broken	
Copra	1203 00 000 0
Flaxseed (linseed), whether or not broken	1204 00
Rape or colza seeds, whether or not broken	1205
Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken	1206 00
Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken	1207
Flours and meals of oil seeds or oleaginous fruits, other than those of mustard	1208
Seeds, fruit, and spores, used for sowing	1209
Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in	1211
perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh	(except 1211 30
or dried, whether or not cut, crushed or powdered	000 0,
	1211 40 000 0)
Sugar beet	1212 91
Locust beans, including seeds	1212 99 300 0,
	1212 99 490 0
Stones and kernels of apricots, peaches (including nectarines), or plums, chicory	1212 99 700 0
roots of the variety Cichorium intybus sativum	
Cereal straw and husks, unprepared, whether or not chopped or ground, pressed,	1213 00 000 0
not in the form of pellets	
Rutabagas (swedes), mangolds, fodder roots, hay, alfalfa (lucerne), clover,	1214
sainfoin, forage kale, lupines, vetches, and similar forage products, not in the	
form of pellets	
Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted	1801 00 000 0
Cocoa shells, husks, skins, and other cocoa waste	1802 00 000 0
Bran, sharps (middlings), and other residues derived from the sifting, milling or	2302
other working of cereals or of leguminous plants, not in the form of pellets	
Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground, resulting from the	2304 00 000
extraction of soybean oil, not in the form of pellets	
Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground, resulting from the	2305 00 000 0
extraction of peanut oil, not in the form of pellets	
Oil-cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground, resulting from the	2306
extraction of vegetable oils and fats, except residues of headings 2304 and 2305,	
not in the form of pellets	
Soil and earth	2530 90 980 0
Peat, including peat crumb, agglomerated or not agglomerated	2703 00 000 0

Life phytopathogenic bacteria and viruses, only for scientific and research	3002 90 500 0,
purposes	3002 90 900 0
Animal or vegetable fertilizers, whether or not mixed together, treated or not	3101 00 000 0
treated with chemicals; fertilizers produced by the mixing of animal or vegetable	5101 00 000 0
products	
Firewood in the form of logs, billets, twigs, faggots or in similar types	4401 10 000
Wood waste of coniferous wood species	4401 21 000 0
Wood waste of hardwood species, except briquettes and pellets	4401 22 000 0
Sawdust, not agglomerated	4401 30
Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or	4403
roughly squared, except treated with heat, paint, preservatives, or vanishes	(except 4403 10
rouging squared, encope dealed with near, paint, preservatives, or valishes	(encept 1105 10 000)
Hoopwood; split poles; piles, pickets, and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn	4404
length- wise; wooden sticks, roughly trimmed but not turned, bent or otherwise	-
worked, suitable for the manufacture of walking-sticks, umbrellas, tool handles	
or the like; chipwood and the like. Except treated with heat, paint, preservatives,	
or varnishes.	
Tree bark	1404 90 000 0,
	4401 30 900 0
Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood, not impregnated	4406 10 000 0
Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed,	4407
sanded or end- jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6mm (.236 inch) (lumber)	
Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled)	4409
continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded,	
molded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not	
planed, sanded or edge-jointed, except treated with, paint, disinfectants,	
antiseptics, and other preservatives	
Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums, and similar packings of wood; cable-rums	4415
of wood; pallets, box pallets, and other load boards of wood; pallet collars of	
wood, only those that are commercial batch of packing materials	
Formwork for concrete construction, except treated with paint, disinfectants,	4418 40 000 0
antiseptics, and other preservatives	
Collections and collectors' pieces of zoological and botanical interest	9705 00 000 0
II. Regulated products (goods, materials, and commodities) of low phytosanit	
Powder and waste from bird feathers and their parts	0505 90 000 0
Powder and waste from bones and corneous shrank	0506 90 000 0
Dried bulb onions, whole, cut, slices, broken, or in powder, but not further	0712 20 000 0
prepared	
Dried mushrooms, whole, cut, slices, broken, or in powder, but not further	0712 31 000 0
prepared	0712 32 000 0
	0712 33 000 0
	0712 39 000 0
Other vegetables, vegetable mixtures, dried, whole, cut, sliced, broken, or in	0712 90,
powder, but not further prepared	(except 0712 90
	110 0)

Coffee roasted, not decaffeinated, except in packages for retail trade**	0901 21 000
Coffee roasted, decaffeinated, except in packages for retail trade**	0901 22 000
Coffee husks and skins	0901 90 100 0
Green tea (not fermented), except packed for retail trade**	0902 10 000,
	0902 20 000 0
Black tea (fermented) and partially fermented, except packed for retail trade**	0902 30 000
	0902 40 000 0
Mate, except packed for retail trade**	0903 00 000 0
Spices, except packed for retail trade**	0904, 0910
Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos,	1401
rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia), except cleaned, bleached, or dyed	
Cotton lint	1404 20 000 0
Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily in brooms or in brushes (for	1404 90 000 0
example, broomcorn, piassava, couch grass, and istle), whether or not in hanks or	
bundles	
Vegetable products used primarily for dying and tanning	
Tapioca, except in pellets	1903 00 000 0
Spices, mixed	2103 90 900 9
Acorns and horse-chestnuts	2308 00 400 0
Products used in animal feeding, containing chloride choline, on organic basis	2309 90 950 0
Other products used in animal feeding, non-granulated	2309 90 990 0
Unmanufactured tobacco, tobacco refuse	2401
Henna and basma (not prepackaged for retail)	3203 00
Raw hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals, sheep or	4101,
lambs (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not	4102,
tanned, parchment-dressed or further prepared), whether or not with hair or wool	4103
on, whether or not dehaired or split, except excluded by Note 1b or 1c to Group	
41 of the Customs Code of the Customs Union	
Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for	4408
plywood or for other similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise,	
sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a	
thickness not exceeding 6 mm, except treated with paint, disinfectants,	
antiseptics, and other preservatives	
Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood,	4416 00 000 0
including staves, except treated with paint, disinfectants, antiseptics and other	
preservatives	
Windows, French windows and their frames, except treated with paint,	4418 10
disinfectants, antiseptics and other preservatives	
Doors and their frames and thresholds, except treated with paint, disinfectants,	4418 20
antiseptics, and other preservatives	
Shingles and shakes, except treated with paint, disinfectants, antiseptics, and	4418 50 000 0
other preservatives	
Plaits and similar products of plaiting material, whether or not assembled into	4601
strips, except bleached, varnished, painted; mats, mating, screens from planting	
materials, except bleached, varnished, painted, or treated with other preservatives	

Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles, made directly to shape, from	4602
planting materials, except bleached, varnished, painted or treated with other	
preservatives; articles of loofah, except bleached, varnished, painted or treated	
with other preservatives	
Corrugated paper and paperboard, whether or not perforated	4808 10 000 0
Cartons, boxes, and cases, of corrugated paper or paperboard	4819 10 000 0
Silkworm cocoons suitable for reeling	5001 00 000 0
Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste, and garneted	5003 00 000 0
stock)	
Wool, not washed, including wool, washed in the fleece, not carded or combed	5101 11 000 0
Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed	5102
Waste of wool or of fine animal hair, not carbonized	5103 10 100 0
Cotton, not carded or combed	5201 00
Cotton waste (including waste from spinning and loose material)	5202
Flax, not processed, not spun; flax tow and waste (including waste from spinning	5301
and loose material)	
True hemp (Cannabis sativa L.), raw or soaked, not processed, not spun; tow and	5302
waste of true hemp (including waste from spinning and loose material)	
Jute fibers, raw or soaked, not processed, not spun; tow and waste of jute fibers	5303
(including waste from spinning and loose material)	
Coconut textile fiber, not spun, abaca (Manila hemp or Musa textiles Nee); raw,	5305 00 000 0
not spun, ramie, and other vegetable textile fibers, raw, not spun; sisal fibers and	
other textile fiber of Agave class, raw, not spun; oils and waste of these fibers	
(including waste from spinning and loose material)	

* Using of this list should be guided by the TN VED codes of the Customs Union as well as the name of the product.

** Consumer package means a pack that gets products directly to consumer and is an integral part of the product, is not intended for independent transportation, and has limited mass, capacity and size (metal, glass and plastics cans, packages of laminated heat sealable materials based on aluminum foil and metalized film, vacuum bags, sealed packages of thick paper).

Note: The mandatory requirement for phytosanitary certificate at imports to the Customs Union and movement between states, members of the Customs Union, applies only to quarantine products (quarantine cargoes, materials, commodities) of high phytosanitary risk (Decision of the Customs Union Commission #454 of November 18, 2010).

^[2] This chapter also includes camels.